Honeywell

Interactive Catalog Replaces Catalog Pages

Honeywell Sensing and Control has replaced the PDF product catalog with the new Interactive Catalog. The Interactive Catalog is a power search tool that makes it easier to find product information. It includes more installation, application, and technical information than ever before.



Click this icon to try the new Interactive Catalog.

Sensing and Control Honeywell Inc. 11 West Spring Street Freeport, Illinois 61032





Temperature Sensors

Platinum RTDs



FEATURES

- Linear resistance vs temperature
- Accurate and Interchangeable
- Excellent stability
- Small size
- Printed circuit mountable
- Ceramic SIP package

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- HVAC room, duct and refrigerant equipment
- Instrument and probe assemblies
- Electronic assemblies temperature compensation
- Process control temperature regulation

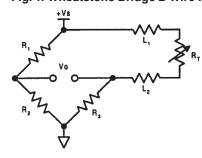
HEL-776 and HEL-777 platinum RTDs are designed to measure temperatures from -55° to $+150^{\circ}$ C (-67° to 302° F) in printed circuit boards, temperature probes, or other lower temperature applications. Solderable leads in 0.050" or 0.100" spacing provide strong connections for wires or printed circuits.

The 1000Ω , 375 alpha version, provides 10x greater sensitivity and signal-tonoise. Both are ideal for air temperature sensing.

ORDER GUIDE

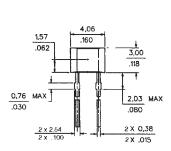
HEL-776-A	Molded SIP pkg. 0.100" lead spacing			
HEL-777-A	Molded SIP pkg. 0.100" lead spacing			
	-U	1000Ω, 0.00375 Ω/Ω/°C		
	-T	100Ω, 0.00385 Ω/Ω/°C		
		-0	±0.2% Resistance Trim (Standard)	
		-1	±0.1% Resistance Trim (Optional)	

Fig. 1: Wheatstone Bridge 2-Wire Interface



MOUNTING DIMENSIONS (for reference only) mm/in. **HEL-776-A**

2x 47°30 2.54



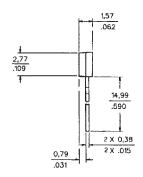


Fig. 2: Linear Output Voltage

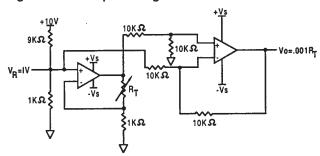
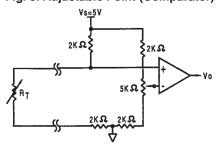
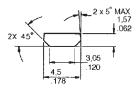


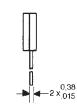
Fig. 3: Adjustable Point (Comparator) Interface



HEL-777-A







CAUTION

PRODUCT DAMAGE

The inherent design of this component causes it to be sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). To prevent ESD-induced damage and/or degradation, take normal ESD precautions when handling this product.

Temperature Sensors

Platinum RTDs

FUNCTIONAL BEHAVIOR

 $\begin{array}{l} R_{\scriptscriptstyle T} = R_{\scriptscriptstyle 0} (1 + AT + BT^2 - 100CT^3 + CT^4) \\ RT = Resistance \; (\Omega) \; at \; temperature \; T \; (^{\circ}C) \end{array}$

 R_0 = Resistance (Ω) at 0°C

T = Temperature in °C

$$A = \alpha + \frac{\alpha \delta}{100} \qquad B = \frac{-\alpha \delta}{100^2}$$

$$C_{T<0} = \frac{-\alpha \beta}{100^4}$$

CONSTANTS

Alpha, α (°C ⁻¹)	0.00375 ±0.000029	0.003850 ±0.000010	
Delta, δ (°C)	1.605 ± 0.009	1.4999 ± 0.007	
Beta, β (°C)	0.16	0.10863	
A (°C ⁻¹)	3.81×10 ⁻³	3.908×10 ⁻³	
B (°C ⁻²)	-6.02×10 ⁻⁷	-5.775×10 ⁻⁷	
C (°C-4)	-6.0×10^{-12}	-4.183×10 ⁻¹²	

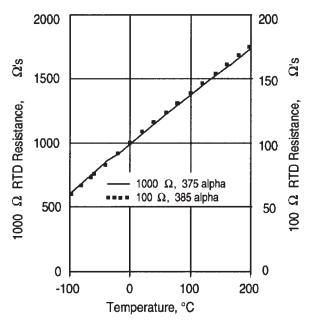
Both $\beta = 0$ and C = 0 for T > 0°C

ACCURACY VS TEMPERATURE

Tolerance	Standard ±0.2%		Optional ±0.1%	
Temperature (°C)	$\pm \Delta R^{\star}$ (Ω)	±ΔT (°C)	$\pm \Delta R^{\star}$ (Ω)	±ΔT (°C)
-200	6.8	1.6	5.1	1.2
-100	2.9	0.8	2.4	0.6
0	2.0	0.5	1.0	0.3
100	2.9	0.8	2.2	0.6
200	5.6	1.6	4.3	1.2
300	8.2	2.4	6.2	1.8
400	11.0	3.2	8.3	2.5
500	12.5	4.0	9.6	3.0
600	15.1	4.8	10.4	3.3

^{* 1000} Ω RTD. Divide ΔR by 10 for 100 Ω RTD.

RESISTANCE VS TEMPERATURE CURVE



SPECIFICATIONS

Thin film platinum RTD: $R_0 = 1000 \ \Omega \ @ 0^{\circ}C$; alpha = 0.00375 $\Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}C$ $R_0 = 100 \ \Omega \ @ 0^{\circ}C$; alpha = 0.00385 $\Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}C$			
-55° to $+150^{\circ}$ C (-76° to $+302^{\circ}$ F)			
± 0.5 °C or 0.8% of temperature °C (R ₀ ± 0.2 % trim), whichever is greater ± 0.3 °C or 0.6% of temperature °C (R ₀ ± 0.1 % trim), whichever is greater (optional)			
$1000 \pm 2 \Omega \ (\pm 0.2\%) \ @ \ 0^{\circ}\text{C} \ \text{or} \ 100 \pm 0.2 \ \Omega \ (\pm 0.2\%) \ @ \ 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ $1000 \pm 1 \ \Omega \ (\pm 0.1\%) \ @ \ 0^{\circ}\text{C} \ \text{or} \ 100 \pm 0.1 \ \Omega \ (\pm 0.1\%) \ @ \ 0^{\circ}\text{C} \ (optional)$			
$\pm 0.1\%$ of full scale for temperatures spanning -40° to 125° C			
<10 seconds in air at 10 ft/sec			
2 mA maximum for self heating errors of <1°C; 1 mA recommended			
<0.25°C/year; 0.05°C per 5 years in occupied environments			
<15mW/°C typical			
>50 MΩ @ 50 VDC @ 25°C			
Plastic case, PLASKON 3300SH			
Copper alloy 194 solder dipped tin silver			